

What is Quality and Inclusive Education?

UNESCO: Access to quality education is a fundamental right of all children

SDG 4 (2030): Quality Education

By quality education, the UN implies equitable and standard education for all that will promote lifelong learning and the urge to gather knowledge.



Education must fully assume its central role in helping people to forge more just, peaceful and tolerant societies.

Ban Ki-Moon, Secretary-General of the United Nations

Inclusive Education is the process of reinforcing the capacity of education systems to welcome and reach out to all learners (UNESCO, 2017: 7).

The Targets of Quality Education

Everyone can participate in their own ways to provide quality education around the world. Here are some of the targets that the UN has set for 2030 in this section:

- By 2030, ensure that there is free primary and secondary education for girls and boys for effective learning outcomes
- By 2030, ensure that both girls and boys have access to quality early development development and preprimary education
- Ensure equal access to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education
- Increase the number of people, both youth and adults who have relevant skills for employment, jobs and entrepreneurship
- Eliminate all discrimiation in education
- Ensure universal literacy and numeracy
- Ensure education for sustainable development and global citizenship







NEP 2020 on Quality and Inclusive Education

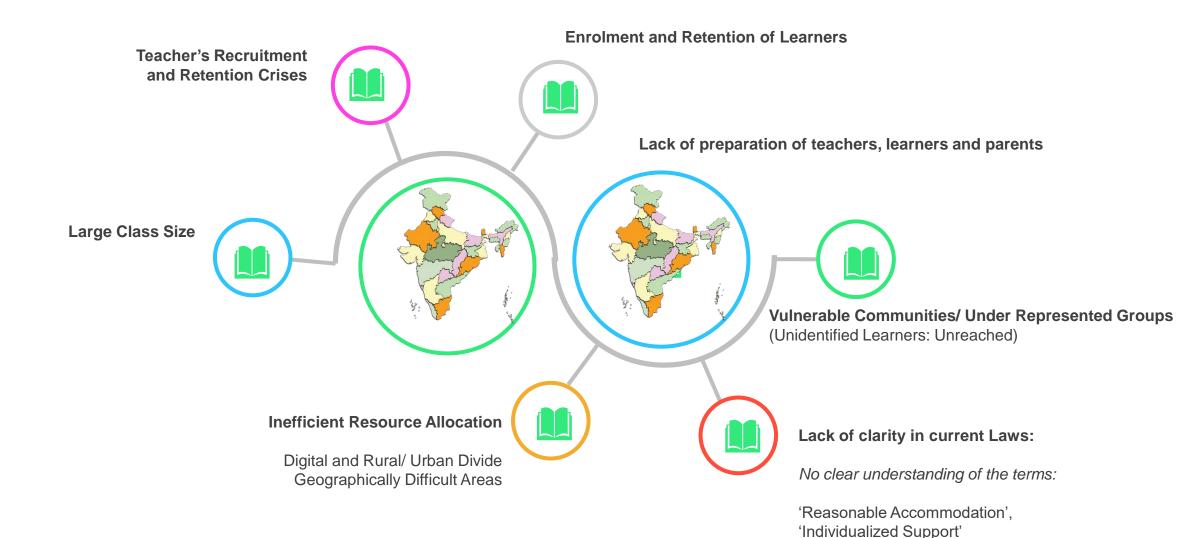




Features of Quality and Inclusive Education



Challenges to Quality and Inclusive Education in India



'Full Inclusion'



Literacy Data at School Level: India

The National Sample Survey Organization (NSSO) (2017-18)

Out of School Children (6-17 years): 3.22 Crore

The Census 2011 recorded:

- Literacy of women: 65.5%Muslims: risen to 68.5 %
- Schedule Caste: climbed to around 66%



UDISE (2019-20) reported:

In 2019-20, total students in school education from preprimary to higher secondary have crossed 26.45 crore. This is higher by 42.3 lakh compared to 2018-19.

UDISE (2019-20) reported:

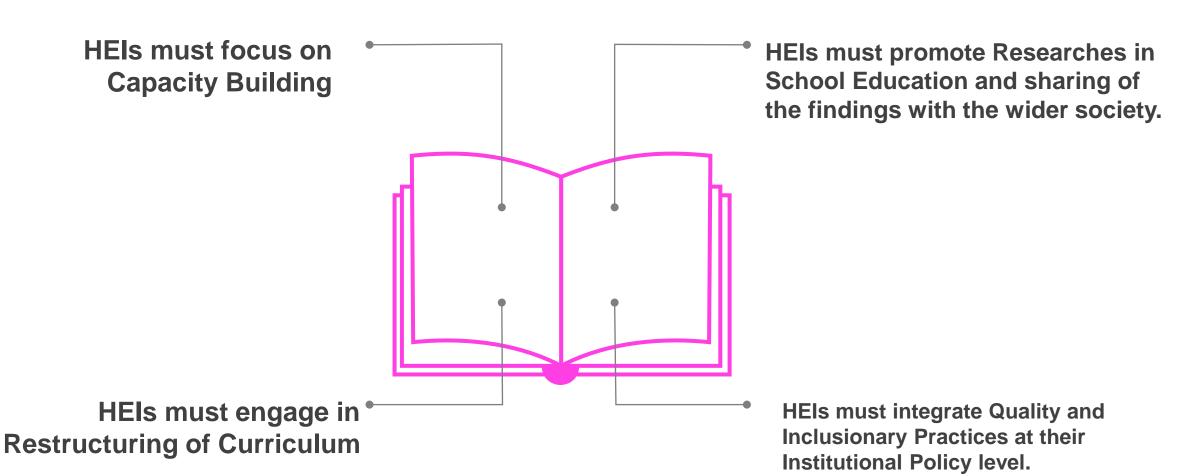
- •Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER) at Upper Primary Level : Increased 89.7% from 87.7%
- •GER at Elementary Level : Increased 97.8% from 96.1%
- •GER at Upper Primary Level: Increased 89.7% from 87.7%
- •GER at Secondary level: 77.9% from 76.9%
- •GER at Higher Education: 51.4% from 50.1%



UDISE (2019-20) reported:

- Gross Enrolment Ratio of Girls: 90.5% from 88.5%
- Shows an improvement in the number of schools with functional electricity, with functional computers, internet facility.

Role of HEIs in Realizing Inclusive and Quality Education at School Level



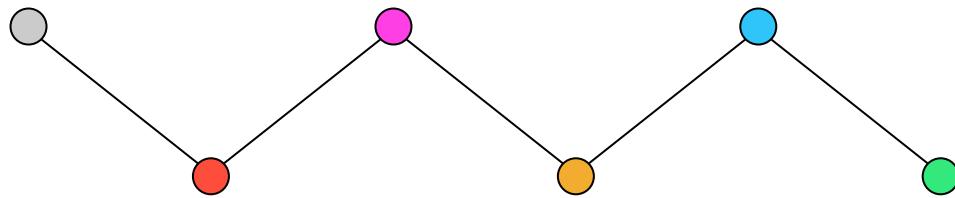
NIOS Initiatives in Actualizing Inclusive and Quality Education

Accessible Content

- Dictionary in Indian Sign Language (ISL)
- Study Material in ISL
- Talking Books
- Large Print Books



Virtual Open School of NIOS



- Indian Sign Language as Language Subject
- Flexibility in Choices of Subjects

 Development of Inclusive Education Policy and

Gender Pa

Gender Policy

Academic + Vocational Courses

On Demand Examination

